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FEDERAL PURCHASE PROGRAM SPECIFICATION (FPPS) FOR CHICKEN STRIPS, FULLY COOKED, FROZEN Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) Livestock, Poultry and Seed (LPS) Program Food Safety and Commodity Specification (FSCS) Division Room 2624 S-Bldg, Phone: (202) 692-0342

Supersedes: Chicken Strips, Fully Cooked July 2015 – Changes from previous requirements in blue

Effective: XXXX, 2016

100 ITEM DESCRIPTION

110 Chicken Strips (110462) – Frozen, fully cooked, chicken strips, produced from ready-to-cook boneless, skinless chicken meat of either white and dark meat, or all white meat. The commodity shall be packaged 5 or 10 pounds per plastic-film bag to a net weight of 30 pounds in each fiberboard shipping container totally 39,000 pounds.

200 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

- The following documents are incorporated as part of this USDA, AMS, FSCS Division FPPS-Chicken Strips, Fully Cooked, Frozen XXXX 2016:
- 210.1 AMS/LPS/ Quality Assessment (QA) Division Policies and Procedures (QAD 600 Series).
- 210.2 Poultry Products Inspection Regulations (9 CFR § 381).
- 210.3 Regulations Governing the Voluntary Grading of Poultry Products and Rabbit Products (7 CFR § 70) and the U.S. Classes, Standards, and Grades for Poultry (AMS 70.200 *et seq.*, 9 CFR § 381.170 to 172).
- 210.4 AMS Master Solicitation for Commodity Procurements and Solicitation.

300 CHECKLIST OF REQUIREMENTS

- 310 Domestic Products Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation for Commodity Procurements.
- Food Defense Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation for Commodity Procurements.

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The contractor's Production Plan shall describe a process plan with a documented quality control program that includes procedures, records, forms, etc., that demonstrate conformance with the following requirements. The FSCS Division may request changes to the Production Plan at any time.

400 HARVESTING

- All harvesting activities shall comply with all applicable Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) regulations and requirements, including 9 CFR § 381, and shall be done under FSIS inspection.
- Humane Handling All poultry shall be humanely handled in accordance with FSIS Directive 6100.3.

500 PROCESSING

- All processing activities shall comply with all applicable FSIS regulations and requirements, including 9 CFR § 381, and shall be done under FSIS inspection.
- Performance Standards Product shall be produced under FSIS pathogen reduction standards, as specified in 9 CFR § 381.
- Date Processed The commodity shall not be processed or packaged more than 60 days prior to the first day of the delivery period.
- Inspection for contract and FPPS compliance shall be in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Voluntary Grading of Poultry Products and Rabbit Products (7 CFR § 70) and the U.S. Classes, Standards, and Grades for Poultry (AMS 70.200 et seq.). Grading shall be under the supervision of an AMS Grader using LPS Program's Sample Plan Level 1 (SPL-1). The AMS Grader shall be responsible for certification of compliance with the requirements of this FPPS for chilled chicken carcasses and parts; formulating, marinating, cooking, and slicing chicken into strips; freezing; packaging and packing; labeling and marking; net weight; and checkloading.
- AMS Certification USDA/AMS, LPS Program's QA Division field office or the Director of the QA Division, LPS Program, AMS, USDA, Room 3953-S, STOP 0258, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-0258, telephone (202) 720-3271.
- All steps in the manufacturing process shall be under the direct supervision of an AMS Grader and as outlined in QA Division Policies and Procedures Manual (QAD 600 Series). Quality and compliance with product requirements shall be determined in accordance with those policies and procedures. The AMS Grader may also select samples for laboratory analyses or inspect the commodity at any point in transit and after delivery to point of destination.

- 543 AMS Sampling Option – AMS may select additional samples of the commodity for further inspection or may draw samples for laboratory analyses. 544 Lot Definition – A lot is the amount of packaged commodity produced during a processing shift. 550 Chicken from Other Plants – Chilled and/or frozen chicken and chicken parts may be transferred or obtained from other processing plants, provided they: 550.1 Have been processed, handled, and identified in accordance with this FPPS; and Comply with the freshly harvested, organoleptic, temperature, and other applicable 550.2 requirements of this FPPS as evidenced by USDA certification. 551 Type, class, and specific name of the product, part, or meat; date harvested as applicable; and the USDA-assigned plant number shall be shown on each shipping container. 552 The chilled and/or frozen chicken and chicken parts shall be at an internal product temperature not higher than 40 °F (4.4 °C) and not lower than 26 °F (-3.3 °C) when shipped from the origin plant and when received at the destination plant. 560 Meat Time Requirements – The chilled ready-to-cook chicken and bone-in, skin-on chicken parts must be fabricated into cooked commodity within 7 calendar days from the date of harvest. 561 Frozen meat may be used when: 561.1 produced from freshly harvested chicken, packaged to protect against quality deterioration during storage and identified so that the time in storage and the class, kind, and specific deboned product can be determined, held no more than 180 days in frozen storage, and 561.2 561.3 the product shows no evidence of thawing and refreezing or freezer deterioration. 561.4 After thawing, the meat shall be processed (without refreezing) into the commodity within 48 hours of tempering. 562 Maximum Temperature – The temperature of the carcasses, boneless parts, or
 - continuous basis after deboning shall be cooled by cooling methods and media that ensure that the internal product temperature is lowered to not higher than 40 °F (4.4)

°C) and not lower than 26 °F (-3.3 °C).

processing into the commodity.

meat shall not exceed 55 °F (12.8 °C) at any time during the preparation and

Cooling Requirements – The meat which is not used in the commodity on a

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- Cooling Medium Cooling methods and media (e.g., use of liquid carbon dioxide (CO₂), dry ice, or liquid nitrogen (N₂)) may be used to maintain the temperature of the meat.
- Water, refrigerated water, slush ice and water, or ice used to cool or maintain the temperature of the meat shall not be incorporated into the commodity. Liquid associated with normal product purge is acceptable.
- Meat The commodity shall be prepared from boneless, skinless chicken meat in a proportion of white and dark meat no less than 70% white meat and no more than 30% dark meat from freshly harvested broiler/fryer chickens (AMS 70.201(c)) or parts (AMS 70.210), or all white meat.
- Unacceptable Meat Mechanically separated chicken (comminuted), finely ground, flaked, or finely chopped chicken meat, and wing meat.
- Bone, Skin, and Fat (**See Table 1**) Bones, skin, and excess fat shall be removed from the meat before use.
- Bone or Hard Bone-like Material Regardless of the kind and number of defects found, any sample with bone or hard bone-like material shall be cause for the rejection of the meat the sample represents.
- 572.2 Excess Fat Includes:
- 572.2.1 visible fat not integrated in the muscle tissue that exceeds an aggregate area equivalent to the area of a circle with a diameter of 1-½ inches, and;
- 572.2.2 fat deposits not integrated in the muscle that extends more than ½ inch beyond the meat tissue.
- 572.2.3 If the sample has more defects than the maximum tolerance for the sample plan, the meat the sample represents shall be rejected.
- Organoleptic Requirements (**See Table 1**) Boneless, skinless meat shall be examined on a continuous basis for organoleptic requirements. If the meat does not comply with the organoleptic requirements, the meat the samples represent shall be rejected for use under this FPPS.
- Marinate The marinating solution shall be comprised of water, processing aids, and phosphates.
- The marinating solution percentage incorporated within tumbled or massaged marinated boneless, skinless meat shall not exceed 15 percent (i.e., marinade increases the weight of the meat by a maximum of 15 percent over the original ready-to-cook weight).

- Flavorings (9 CFR § 381.118(c)), soy, and gluten are not allowed.
- The marinating and pressing, cooking, cutting into strips and individual freezing of the commodity shall be a continuous and sequential process.
- Sodium Requirement The sodium content of the cooked commodity should be no more than 250 mg per 100 gram basis as evidenced by laboratory analysis.
- 590 Cooking, Grill Markings, Slicing, and Freezing
- All products will be fully cooked in accordance with FSIS regulations.
- 592 Uniform Thickness (Pressing) The marinated meat shall pass through a press to assist in creating an approximately uniform thickness of the chicken strips.
- 593 Parallel grill markings are required on one surface of the meat strip.
- Slicing may be made by mechanical means and will provide strips of whole muscle chicken meat with reasonably smooth outer surfaces with no tears along the cut edges.
- Strips shall be a minimum 0.5 inch (1/2-inch) in width and range in length between 1.0 4.0 inches with an allowance of ten percent (<1 and >4 total) in each immediate package.
- Freezing After cooking, the internal product temperature shall be lowered continuously by an in-line chilling/freezing system. Individually frozen commodity exiting an in-line chilling/freezing system shall be packaged, packed and placed in a freezer which is maintained at a temperature of 0 °F (-17.8 °C) or lower. The internal product temperature shall be lowered to 10 °F (-12.2 °C) or lower within 24 hours from the time the commodity enters the freezer.
- Metal Detection All product shall be free of metal contaminants. Detection of stainless steel, ferrous, and non-ferrous (e.g., lead, copper, and aluminum) metals is required. The contractor's Production Plan shall identify and describe the equipment, location, detection procedure, sensitivity levels, frequency of equipment validation, and corrective action procedures.
- Equipment All equipment used to produce chicken products for USDA shall be maintained and routinely checked for optimal performance.

600 PACKAGING AND PACKING

- The contractor shall assure that all packaging, packing, labeling, closure, marking, and palletization comply with the National Motor Freight Regulations and FSIS regulations and the requirements listed below.
- Packaging All packaging and packing materials shall be clean and in new

condition, shall not impart objectionable odors or flavors to the commodity, shall be safe for use in contact with food products (cannot adulterate product or be injurious to health), and shall be tamper-evident. Tamper-evident is defined as packaging and packing materials with one or more indicators or barriers to entry, which, if breached or missing, can reasonably be expected to provide visible evidence that tampering has occurred. All packaging material shall comply with FSIS regulations (9 CFR § 381.144(c)).

- Plastic-film Bags Bags for packaging and/or packing the commodity shall be a polyethylene-film bag with a wall thickness of not less than 2 mil (0.002 inch); and shall protect the commodity from dehydration, freezer burn, or quality deterioration during the conditions of use. Closure methods shall be approved by a representative of the QA Division. Metal wire ties, paper-coated wire ties, or staples must not be used for sealing plastic-film bags.
- Shipping Containers Shipping containers shall:
- Be good commercial fiberboard containers that are acceptable by common or other carrier(s) for safe transport to point of destination,
- 630.2 Be of such size to pack the commodity without slack filling or bulging,
- 630.3 Withstand the stresses of handling, shipping, stacking, and storage, and
- 630.4 Be closed by commercially accepted methods and materials.
- Steel or wire straps shall not be used for final closure. Staples shall not be used for final closure of shipping containers. Adhesive or staples cannot be used to fasten the top portion of telescope-style containers to the bottom portion. Staples may be used to manufacture and to assemble the fiberboard shipping containers, provided the staples are fastened into the container and tightly clenched to eliminate sharp edges prior to packing the commodity into the shipping containers.
- Packing Six (6) 5-pound or three (3) 10-pound immediate containers (packages) shall be packed in a 30-pound (net weight) shipping container.

700 LABELING

- CN Labeling information or a Product Formulation Statement demonstrating product contribution to the National School Lunch Program meal pattern requirements is required. For more information on the CN Labeling Program, see the section for Food Manufacturers/Industry on the FNS website:
 - http://www.fns.usda.gov/cnlabeling/child-nutrition-cn-labeling-program.
- 711 Commercial labeling or USDA labeling shall be used. When commercial or USDA labeling is selected, both the packages and shipping containers within a purchase

unit shall be labeled in that format. The contractor shall use the same label format (either commercial or USDA) within a purchase unit.

- 720 Commercial Labeling Requirements
- 721 Commercially labeled packages and shipping containers shall be labeled in accordance with FSIS requirements. Labeling shall be approved by FSIS prior to acceptance for use under this FPPS.
- 722 Commercial labels shall be the processor's own commercial label.
- Traceable Product The processor shall establish a product identification and record system that clearly links product by place and time of manufacture to specific USDA contracts and destinations. When the company uses the same commercial label for the product certified as complying with this FPPS and commercial product, the identification system shall differentiate between USDA and non-USDA products. An alpha numeric code may be used for information that is in addition to FSIS labeling requirements. The required product identification and record system, including codes, shall be reviewed by USDA before production begins for the contract(s).
- Nutrition Facts, Ingredients and Allergen Statements on Shipping Containers.

 Nutrition Facts shall be provided. The ingredient statement, even for single ingredient foods, must be included as a statement separate from the name of the product, e.g. Ingredients: _______. The allergen statement shall be provided in the format which complies with the Food Allergen Labeling and Consumer Protection Act (FALCPA) for any product which contains milk, eggs, fish, crustacean shellfish, tree nuts, peanuts, soy or wheat; e.g. Allergen: This product contains _____. For additional guidance refer to the Compliance Guidance at:

http://www.fsis.usda.gov/wps/wcm/connect/f9cbb0e9-6b4d-4132-ae27-53e0b52e840e/Allergens-Ingredient.pdf?MOD=AJPERES

- 730 USDA Labeling Requirements
- When USDA labeling is used, any deviations from the USDA labeling requirements in this FPPS shall be approved by the Contracting Officer, in writing, prior to start of production. Labeling and marking of the product shall be in accordance with this FPPS.
- Labeling and marking information shall be water-fast, non-smearing, of a contrasting color, clear and readable.
- 733 USDA Labeled Shipping Containers Requirements
- Labeling and marking information shall be preprinted, stamped, or stenciled on each shipping container; or printed on a self-adhesive label and applied to each

shipping container. This information, in essentially the same layout, is provided in **EXHIBITS 1** and **2**.

- Nutrition Facts, Ingredients and Allergen Statements on Shipping Containers.

 Nutrition Facts shall be provided. The ingredient statement, even for single ingredient foods, shall be included as a statement separate from the name of the product, e.g. Ingredients: _______. The allergen statement shall be provided in the format which complies with the Food Allergen Labeling and Consumer Protection Act (FALCPA) for any product which contains milk, eggs, fish, crustacean shellfish, tree nuts, peanuts, soy or wheat; e.g. Allergen: This product contains
- 733.3 Universal Product Code bar (UPC)
- 733.3.1 The UPC, symbol and code, called Interleaved 2 of 5 (I 2/5), shall appear on each shipping container. The complete code, including the check digit, shall be printed in machine-readable and human-readable form. The start and stop indicators will be included in the bar codes. Printing, readability, and scanability of the bar code shall be in accordance with UPC guidelines published by GS1 US, 1009 Lenox Drive, Suite 202, Lawrenceville, New Jersey 08648, (609)620-0200.
- The contractor shall use the code furnished by USDA. USDA has acquired a unique processor's identification number for the commodity purchase programs and shall use this item code for the commodity purchased under this FPPS. The contractors need not join GS1 US.
- 733.3.3 The 14-digit UPC code for shipping containers of chicken strips is: 1 07 15001 10462 5.
- 733.3.4 The UPC code shall be placed in the lower right-hand corner of the principal display panel of each shipping container.
- Recycle Symbol and Statement The contractor shall place somewhere on the surface of each recyclable shipping container the recycle symbol shown in **EXHIBIT**3. The statement "PLEASE RECYCLE" is to be placed under the symbol. The recycle symbol and statement shall be legibly printed in permanent ink.
- Inventory Control Information The processor may include any additional information (including bar codes) for processor inventory control purposes. This information may be applied somewhere on the surface of the shipping container but shall not cover or conflict with the labeling requirements of this FPPS.
- Shipping containers or labels with incorrect contract number, plant number, net weight, date packed, shall be corrected before they are used. The incorrect information shall be blocked out and the correct information legibly printed, stamped, or stenciled in permanent ink. Additionally, the name, address, and phone number of the processor shall appear on each shipping container.
- 740 Unacceptable Labeling

- Commercial labels that do not have a processor traceability system and code.
- Commercial labeling traceability coding and systems that have not been reviewed by a representative of USDA/AMS/LPS/QA Division.
- 743 Distributor Commercial Labels
- Two or more different commercial labels in the same purchase unit.
- 745 Commercial labels and USDA labels in the same purchase unit.
- 750 Free Along Side (FAS) Vessel Deliveries
- 751 FAS vessel deliveries that are not source loaded in a seavan are required to show the final destination's overseas address as provided in the Sales Order/Item Number. The address shall be clearly printed on at least two sides of each panel.

800 FINAL EXAMINATION OF PACKAGED AND PACKED COMMODITY

- Packaging Defects Packages in a delivery unit shall be examined for defects that affect protection, expose product, or permit dehydration or freezer burn, or quality deterioration during storage, such as tears, holes, or improperly sealed or closed packages.
- Packing Defects Shipping containers in a delivery unit shall be examined for condition, labeling, and marking defects according to the United States Standards for Condition of Food Containers.
- Purchase or Delivery Unit Each delivery unit will consist of a 1,300 cases with a net weight of 39,000 pounds.
- Each delivery unit shall be examined for compliance with the net weight requirements at time of checkloading.
- As an alternative to test weighing at time of checkloading, the contractor may request on-line verification of net weights. Upon receiving the request, a Federal-State supervisor (or his/her designee) shall determine that the facilities and procedures are in accordance with the applicable LPS Program's instructions for this FPPS.
- 840 Loading and Shipping Commodity
- 841 Internal Product Temperature
- Frozen Commodity shall be 2 °F (-16.7 °C) or lower at the time of loading.

 Delivery units with internal product temperatures exceeding 2 °F (-16.7 °C) and up to 5 °F (-15 °C) shall be tentatively rejected. Tentatively rejected delivery units may be returned to the freezer and the temperature reduced to 2 °F (-16.7 °C) or lower

and reoffered one time only. Delivery units exceeding 5 °F (-15 °C) or delivery units that have been tentatively rejected and exceed 2 °F (-16.7 °C) when reoffered shall be rejected for use under this FPPS.

- Optional Temperature Verification The contractor may request an alternate method utilizing product temperature-sensing devices. If this option is selected, a Federal-State Supervisor shall determine that the facilities, equipment, procedures, and the contractors' current level of freezing compliance are in accordance with the established guidelines outlined in the applicable USDA, AMS, LPS Program's instructions for this FPPS.
- 850 Inspection and Checkloading
- Requirements Inspection for contract compliance shall be made by a USDA representative, in accordance with 7 CFR § 70, FSIS regulatory requirements, and this FPPS at the site of processing, both during and after processing and packaging. Inspection records shall be complete and made available to USDA, as requested, to assure contract compliance.
- Procedures The inspection and checkloading shall be performed by an AMS Grader. Procedures to be followed and a schedule of fees for these services may be obtained by contacting the nearest QA Division field office or the Director of QA Division, LPS Program, AMS, USDA, Room 3953-S, STOP 0258, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, D.C. 20250-0258, telephone (202) 690-3147. The quality, quantity, weight, packaging, packing, and checkloading of the commodity shall be evidenced by certificates issued by the AMS Grader. The contractor shall not ship the commodity unless informed by the AMS Grader that the designated commodity to be shipped meets the requirements of the AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements, Solicitation, and this FPPS.

900 PALLETIZED UNIT LOADS

- All products shall be stacked on new or well-maintained pallets and palletized with shrink wrap plastic, unless otherwise specified in the Solicitation. Pallet loads shall be stacked in a manner that minimizes the overhang of the shipping containers over the edges of the pallets and exposes each shipping container's principal display panel to facilitate certification examinations.
- 920 Size and Style of Container Only one size and style of shipping container shall be used in any one delivery unit.

1000 SHIPMENT AND DELIVERY

- 1010 Shipment and Delivery Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements.
- 1011 In addition, the contractor shall adhere to the following provisions:

- 1011.1 Each shipping container shall be identified with a USDA Contract Compliance stamp with the applicable certificate number. An AMS Grader or other authorized personnel under the supervision of the AMS Grader shall stamp one end of each shipping container prior to shipment. If there is inadequate space available on either end of the shipping container, the stamp may be applied to a side of the container.
- 1012 A copy of the original USDA Poultry Products Grading Certificate issued at time of checkloading shall accompany each shipment.
- 1012.1 Railcar or Piggyback If shipment is by rail or piggyback, the certificate shall be placed in the railcar or trailer for easy access to the Grader, warehouseman, or consignee, as applicable.
- 1012.2 Trucks If shipment is by truck, the driver shall, upon delivery, give the certificate to the AMS Grader, warehouseman, or consignee, as applicable.
- 1020 Loading and Sealing of Vehicles
- 1021 Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements.
- 1030 Delivery Notification
- 1031 Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements.
- 1040 Split Deliveries
- 1041 Refer to the current AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements.

1100 DESTINATION EXAMINATION

- The cost of a destination examination, before or after delivery, by an AMS Grader on accepted product shall be for the account of USDA. Costs for destination examinations of rejected delivery units shall be for the account of the contractor. The origin AMS Grader shall make arrangements for destination examination prior to delivery.
- 1111 Commodity Requirements Before acceptance by consignee, the commodity may be examined by an AMS Grader on a spot-check basis for temperature, condition, identity, and when applicable, count. The commodity may be examined for conformance to contract provisions at any time required by the Contracting Officer.
- 1112 Temperature The commodity shall arrive at destination at an average internal product temperature not to exceed 10 °F (-12.2 °C) with no individual temperature exceeding 15 °F (-9.4 °C).

1200 PRODUCT ASSURANCE AND COMPLAINT RESOLUTION

- 1210 Product Assurance The Contractor shall guarantee that the product complies with all FPPS requirements and provisions set forth in the AMS Master Solicitation of Commodity Procurements and Solicitation.
- 1220 Complaint Resolution Customer complaint resolution procedures shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. These procedures shall include: a point of contact, investigation steps, and intent to cooperate with AMS, and product replacement or monetary compensation. The procedures shall be used to resolve product complaints from recipient agencies or AMS.



TABLE 1 Organoleptic Requirements and Defects for Meat

Organoleptic	Criteria: The meat must:		
Requirements:	 (1) Be free of rancidity; free of fruity, sulfide-like, cardboard like, tallow like, oily, metallic, chlorine-like, other foreign or off-odors. (2) Be free of foreign materials (e.g., glass, paper, rubber, metal, plastic, wood). (3) Show no evidence of mishandling or deterioration. (4) Have a bright color and show no evidence of dehydration or freezing and thawing. 		
Bone:	Presence of bone or hard bone-like material		
Meat Defects:	including cartilage. A boneless, skinless: breast, thigh, drumstick, or leg with more than one-half of the meat missing. Moderate discolorations or blood clots. Lightly shaded discolorations exceeding an aggregate area equivalent to a circle with a diameter of 0.50 inch (1.27 cm). Slight discolorations are permitted, provided the discoloration does not detract from the overall appearance of the meat. Visible fat not integrated in the muscle tissue that exceeds an aggregate area of a circle with a diameter of 1.50 inch (3.81 cm). Fat deposits not integrated in the muscle tissue that extend more than 0.50 inch (1.27 cm) beyond the		
Tendon or tendonous	meat tissue. Tendon or tendonous material that is soft-like in		
material:	texture and extends or is greater than 0.50 inch		
	(1.27 cm) beyond the meat tissue.		
Skin Defects:	A defect for skin is the presence of skin.		

TABLE 2
Organoleptic Requirements for Cooked Commodity

Organoleptic Criteria: **Requirements:** (a) The commodity must be free of: (i) rancidity; (ii) metallic, overcooked, burnt, scorched, bitter, oxidized, stale, fruity, beany, oily, soapy, or other odors or flavors foreign to properly prepared and cooked chicken fajita strips; and (iii) foreign materials (e.g., glass, paper, rubber, plastic, metal, wood). Examined after (b) The commodity must not be dry; that is, it must not lack cooking prior to moistness or be devoid of moisture. It must have the freezing. appearance of fully cooked product. Meat must not be undercooked. Meat that appears un-cooked or undercooked is not acceptable under this FPPS.

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EXHIBIT 1 USDA Labeled Shipping Containers

Marking Information: Shipping containers shall be marked substantially as shown below. Detailed labeling information is provided in EXHIBIT 2. Markings must be legibly preprinted, stamped, stenciled on containers, or printed on a separate self-adhesive label applied onto containers. The USDA symbol (EXHIBIT 4), is to be a minimum of 2.25 inches (5.72 cm) in height and may be printed on the "TOP PANEL" or principal display panel. The processor's name, address, and phone number must be printed on the "TOP PANEL" or principal display panel. The processor's name and address must indicate the individual processing plant, the company headquarters, or the company address and phone number that handles product complaints.

	(THE OTHER END Panel)		
(THE OTHER SIDE Panel)	(TOP PANEL)	(TOP PANEL)	(ONE SIDE Panel)
	PERISHABLEKEEP FROZEN		
	KEEP AT 0 °F (-17.8 °C)		
	OR LOWER TEMPERATURE		
USDA Labeling	(ONE END - Principal Display Panel)		
Information (shown in Exhibit 2).			

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EXHIBIT 2 USDA Labeling Information for Chicken Strips

Marking Information: USDA labeling information must be printed on the principal display panel of each shipping container as provided in Exhibit 1. Markings must be legibly preprinted, stamped, stenciled on containers, or printed on a separate self-adhesive label applied to containers. The type of meat used must be printed on each shipping container. The UPC 14-digit I 2/5 symbol and code, must be shown in the lower right-hand corner of the principal display panel. The USDA symbol (EXHIBIT 4), must be a minimum of 2.25 inches (5.72 cm) in height and may be printed on the "TOP PANEL" or principal display panel. The processor's name, address, and phone number must be printed on the "TOP PANEL" or principal display panel. The processor's name and address must indicate the individual processing plant, the company headquarters, or the company address and phone number that handles product complaints.





Frozen Fully-Cooked Boneless, Skinless Chicken Meat CHICKEN STRIPS

Ingredients: (Food Allergen Statement, Must Be Placed Here)

Processor's Name, Address, and Phone Nutrition Facts Label Must Be placed Here

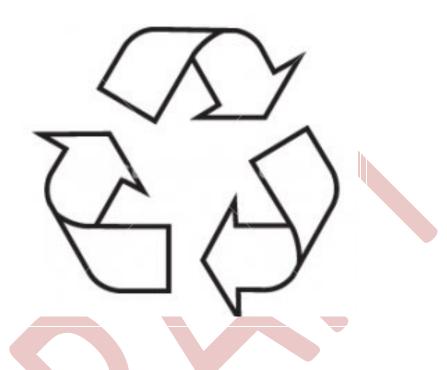
KEEP FROZEN

__ Bags Net Weight 30 LBS. (13.61 KG)

DATE PACKED: Month, Day, and Year UPC Symbol and Code

Approved by

EXHIBIT 3 "Please Recycle" Symbol and Statement



PLEASE RECYCLE

EXHIBIT 4

Approved by



Approved by